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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/413,177	10/07/1999	LAP CHAN	CS99-107	1672	
28112	7590 11/04/2004		EXAM	INER	
GEORGE O. SAILE & ASSOCIATES 28 DAVIS AVENUE			BROCK II, PAUL E		
	PSIE, NY 12603		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2815		
			DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004	DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Advisory Action	09/413,177	CHAN ET AL.	
navious notion	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Paul E Brock II	2815	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addr	ess
THE REPLY FILED 14 October 2004 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: ('condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appel Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	void abandonment of this application in the same application and the same application appl	cation. A proper rep ch places the applic	oly to a cation in
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advevent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The data have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extensions of the state of the shortened (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three most patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THI te on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 sion and the corresponding amount of the d statutory period for reply originally set in	f the final rejection. E FINAL REJECTION. S 36(a) and the appropriate extended the free. The appropriate extended the final Office action; or (e extension fee ension fee under (2) as set forth in
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF			
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered b	ecause:		
(a) they raise new issues that would require furth	er consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	pelow);	,	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or	in better form for appeal by mat	erially reducing or s	implifying the
(d) they present additional claims without cancel NOTE:	ling a corresponding number of	finally rejected clain	ns.
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection	ction(s):		
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a s	eparate, timely filed	l amendment
5. ☑ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☑ request fo application in condition for allowance because: See		sidered but does NC	T place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which we	re newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims w			and an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to: <u>3,4 and 7</u> .			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,2,5,6,8-18 and 22</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) app	proved or b) disapproved by	the Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	ent(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s).		
10. Other:	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	7/1/1		
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Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Therefore, applicant's arguments are not persuasive and the rejection is proper.

With regard to applicant's argument that "Lur et al. does not make use of cavities but in contrast etches away the inter level dielectric (col.3, line 62) leaving an air dielectric 85, (Fig. 11 of Lur et al.) between the electrode metal layers; an similar comment applies to Examiner's contention that Lur et al. creates a first and a second layer of cavities: the (only) cavity that is created by Lur et al. is cavity 85, shown in Fig. 11 where col. 3, lines 61 e.a.): 'the inter-level dielectric is etched away'," it should be noted that the air dielectric created by Lur is comprised of many cavities. Applicant has not defined that each cavity, of the supposed cavities, is a distinct entity closed off from any adjacent cavities. For instance, Lur clearly discloses in figures 10 and 11 that bottom layer 34, top layer 34 and middle layer 34 are all distinct, and therefore each form a distinct cavity, even though those cavities adjoin to make the whole air dielectric. Applicant has not explained why these cavities do not exist in Lur. Therefore, applicant's arguments are not persuasive and the rejection is proper.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). Therefore, applicant's arguments are not persuasive and the rejection is proper.